

# Package ‘automerge’

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**Type** Package

**Title** R Bindings for 'Automerge' 'CRDT' Library

**Version** 0.4.0

**Description** Provides R bindings to the 'Automerge' Conflict-free Replicated Data Type ('CRDT') library. 'Automerge' enables automatic merging of concurrent changes without conflicts, making it ideal for distributed systems, collaborative applications, and offline-first architectures. The approach of local-first software was proposed in Kleppmann, M., Wiggins, A., van Hardenberg, P., McGranaghan, M. (2019) <[doi:10.1145/3359591.3359737](https://doi.org/10.1145/3359591.3359737)>. This package supports all 'Automerge' data types (maps, lists, text, counters) and provides both low-level and high-level synchronization protocols for seamless interoperability with 'JavaScript' and other 'Automerge' implementations.

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**URL** <https://github.com/posit-dev/automerge-r>,  
<https://posit-dev.github.io/automerge-r/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/posit-dev/automerge-r/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 4.2)

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

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**SystemRequirements** 'automerge-c', or Cargo (Rust's package manager),  
rustc >= 1.85 and CMake >= 3.25 to build from package sources.

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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---

am_apply_changes	<i>Apply changes to a document</i>
------------------	------------------------------------

---

### Description

Applies a list of changes (obtained from `am_get_changes()`) to a document. This is useful for manually syncing changes or for applying changes received over a custom network protocol.

### Usage

```
am_apply_changes(doc, changes)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
changes	A list of <code>am_change</code> objects (from <code>am_get_changes()</code> or <code>am_change_from_bytes()</code> )

### Value

The document `doc` (invisibly, for chaining)

### Examples

```
# Create two documents
doc1 <- am_create()
doc2 <- am_create()

# Make changes in doc1
am_put(doc1, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_commit(doc1)

# Get changes and apply to doc2
changes <- am_get_changes(doc1, NULL)
am_apply_changes(doc2, changes)

# Now doc2 has the same data as doc1

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

am\_change\_actor\_id      *Get the actor ID of a change*

---

**Description**

Returns the actor ID of the peer that created the change.

**Usage**

```
am_change_actor_id(change)
```

**Arguments**

change                      An am\_change object (from `am_get_changes()` or `am_change_from_bytes()`)

**Value**

A raw vector containing the actor ID bytes

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
actor <- am_change_actor_id(history[[1]])
actor

# Should match the document's actor
identical(actor, am_get_actor(doc)) # TRUE

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_change\_deps              *Get the dependencies of a change*

---

**Description**

Returns the hashes of the changes that this change depends on (i.e., its parent changes in the causal graph). The first change in a document has no dependencies.

**Usage**

```
am_change_deps(change)
```

**Arguments**

change                    An am\_change object (from [am\\_get\\_changes\(\)](#) or [am\\_change\\_from\\_bytes\(\)](#))

**Value**

A list of raw vectors (change hashes), each 32 bytes. Returns an empty list for the first change in a document.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_commit(doc, "First")
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "y", 2)
am_commit(doc, "Second")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
deps1 <- am_change_deps(history[[1]])
deps1

deps2 <- am_change_deps(history[[2]])
deps2

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_change\_from\_bytes    *Parse a serialized change from raw bytes*

---

**Description**

Deserializes a change from raw bytes into an am\_change object. This is useful for restoring changes that were previously serialized with [am\\_change\\_to\\_bytes\(\)](#) or saved to disk.

**Usage**

```
am_change_from_bytes(bytes)
```

**Arguments**

bytes                    A raw vector containing a serialized change (from [am\\_change\\_to\\_bytes\(\)](#))

**Details**

Note: [am\\_get\\_changes\(\)](#) and other change-returning functions already return am\_change objects directly, so this function is only needed when working with raw byte representations.

**Value**

An `am_change` object (external pointer) that can be passed to `am_change_hash()`, `am_change_message()`, `am_change_time()`, `am_change_actor_id()`, `am_change_seq()`, and `am_change_deps()`.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

# Serialize a change and restore it
history <- am_get_changes(doc)
bytes <- am_change_to_bytes(history[[1]])
change <- am_change_from_bytes(bytes)
change
am_change_message(change) # "Add key"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_change_hash	<i>Get the hash of a change</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns the unique hash identifier of a change. Change hashes are used to reference specific points in document history (e.g., with `am_get_change_by_hash()` or `am_fork()`).

**Usage**

```
am_change_hash(change)
```

**Arguments**

change            An `am_change` object (from `am_get_changes()` or `am_change_from_bytes()`)

**Value**

A raw vector (32 bytes) containing the change hash

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
hash <- am_change_hash(history[[1]])
hash
```

```
am_close(doc)
```

---

```
am_change_message      Get the commit message of a change
```

---

### Description

Returns the commit message attached to a change, or NULL if no message was provided when the change was committed.

### Usage

```
am_change_message(change)
```

### Arguments

change                An am\_change object (from [am\\_get\\_changes\(\)](#) or [am\\_change\\_from\\_bytes\(\)](#))

### Value

A character string containing the commit message, or NULL

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
am_change_message(history[[1]]) # "Add key"

am_close(doc)
```

---

```
am_change_seq          Get the sequence number of a change
```

---

### Description

Returns the sequence number of the change within its actor's history. Sequence numbers start at 1 and increment with each change by the same actor.

### Usage

```
am_change_seq(change)
```

**Arguments**

change                    An am\_change object (from [am\\_get\\_changes\(\)](#) or [am\\_change\\_from\\_bytes\(\)](#))

**Value**

A numeric value (double, since sequence numbers can exceed R's 32-bit integer range)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_commit(doc, "First")
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "y", 2)
am_commit(doc, "Second")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
am_change_seq(history[[1]]) # 1
am_change_seq(history[[2]]) # 2

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_change_size	<i>Get the number of operations in a change</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Returns the number of operations contained in the change. Useful for estimating the size of changes before syncing or storing them.

**Usage**

```
am_change_size(change)
```

**Arguments**

change                    An am\_change object (from [am\\_get\\_changes\(\)](#) or [am\\_change\\_from\\_bytes\(\)](#))

**Value**

An integer (or double for very large values exceeding R's 32-bit integer range)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "y", 2)
am_commit(doc, "Add keys")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
am_change_size(history[[1]]) # 2

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_change_time	<i>Get the timestamp of a change</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

---

### Description

Returns the timestamp recorded when the change was committed. Note that timestamps are set by the committing peer and may not be accurate if the peer's clock is wrong.

### Usage

```
am_change_time(change)
```

### Arguments

change            An `am_change` object (from `am_get_changes()` or `am_change_from_bytes()`)

### Value

A POSIXct timestamp

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add key", Sys.time())

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
am_change_time(history[[1]])

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_change\_to\_bytes      *Serialize a change to raw bytes*

---

**Description**

Converts an am\_change object back to its serialized raw vector form.

**Usage**

```
am_change_to_bytes(change)
```

**Arguments**

change                  An am\_change object (from `am_get_changes()` or `am_change_from_bytes()`)

**Value**

A raw vector containing the serialized change

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

history <- am_get_changes(doc)
bytes <- am_change_to_bytes(history[[1]])
bytes

# Round-trip
restored <- am_change_from_bytes(bytes)
identical(am_change_to_bytes(restored), bytes) # TRUE

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_clone                  *Clone an Automerge document*

---

**Description**

Creates an independent deep copy of an Automerge document, preserving the same actor ID. Changes to the clone do not affect the original, and vice versa.

**Usage**

```
am_clone(doc)
```

## Arguments

doc                    An Automerge document

## Details

Unlike `am_fork()`, which assigns a new actor ID to the copy, `am_clone()` preserves the original actor ID. This makes it suitable for archival snapshots or checkpoints where you want an exact copy of the document state. Do not use `am_clone()` to create branches that will make independent edits and later be merged — use `am_fork()` for that, as two documents sharing an actor ID can cause conflicts.

## Value

A new Automerge document (independent copy with same actor ID)

## See Also

`am_fork()` for creating branches with a new actor ID

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc)

clone <- am_clone(doc)
clone$key # "value"

# Clone preserves the actor ID
am_get_actor_hex(doc) == am_get_actor_hex(clone) # TRUE

# Changes to clone don't affect original
clone$key <- "changed"
doc$key # still "value"

am_close(doc)
am_close(clone)
```

---

am\_close

*Close an Automerge document*

---

## Description

Explicitly frees the resources associated with an Automerge document. After calling this function, the document becomes invalid and should not be used.

**Usage**

```
am_close(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

**Details**

This function is useful when you need deterministic cleanup rather than waiting for garbage collection. It is safe to call on a document that has already been closed.

**Value**

NULL (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")

# Explicitly free resources
am_close(doc)

# Document is now invalid - do not use after closing
```

---

am\_commit

*Commit pending changes*


---

**Description**

Commits all pending operations in the current transaction, creating a new change in the document's history. Commits can include an optional message (like a git commit message) and timestamp.

**Usage**

```
am_commit(doc, message = NULL, time = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document  
message                Optional commit message (character string)  
time                    Optional timestamp (POSIXct). If NULL, uses current time.

**Value**

The document doc (invisibly)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
am_commit(doc, "Add initial data")

# Commit with specific timestamp
am_commit(doc, "Update", Sys.time())

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_commit_empty	<i>Create an empty change</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

---

### Description

Creates a new change in the document's history without any operations. This is useful for creating merge commits or recording metadata (message, timestamp) without making data changes.

### Usage

```
am_commit_empty(doc, message = NULL, time = NULL)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
message	Optional commit message (character string)
time	Optional timestamp (POSIXct). If NULL, uses current time.

### Value

The document doc (invisibly)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc, "Initial data")

# Create empty change as a checkpoint
am_commit_empty(doc, "Checkpoint")

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_counter	<i>Create an Automerge counter</i>
------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Creates a counter value for use with Automerge. Counters are CRDT types that support conflict-free increment and decrement operations.

**Usage**

```
am_counter(value = 0L)
```

**Arguments**

value	Initial counter value (default 0)
-------	-----------------------------------

**Value**

An am\_counter object

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "score", am_counter(0))
am_close(doc)
```

---

am_counter_increment	<i>Increment a counter value</i>
----------------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Increments an Automerge counter by the specified delta. Counters are CRDT types that support concurrent increments from multiple actors. Unlike regular integers, counter increments are commutative and do not conflict when merged.

**Usage**

```
am_counter_increment(doc, obj, key, delta)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (map or list), or AM_ROOT for the document root
key	For maps: a character string key. For lists: an integer index (1-based)
delta	Integer value to add to the counter (can be negative)

## Details

The delta can be negative to decrement the counter.

## Value

The document (invisibly), allowing for chaining with pipes

## Examples

```
# Counter in document root (map)
doc <- am_create()
doc$score <- am_counter(0)
am_counter_increment(doc, AM_ROOT, "score", 10)
doc$score # 10

am_counter_increment(doc, AM_ROOT, "score", 5)
doc$score # 15

# Decrement with negative delta
am_counter_increment(doc, AM_ROOT, "score", -3)
doc$score # 12

# Counter in a nested map
doc$stats <- am_map(views = am_counter(0))
stats_obj <- doc$stats
am_counter_increment(doc, stats_obj, "views", 100)

# Counter in a list (1-based indexing)
doc$counters <- list(am_counter(0), am_counter(5))
counters_obj <- doc$counters
am_counter_increment(doc, counters_obj, 1, 1) # Increment first counter
am_counter_increment(doc, counters_obj, 2, 2) # Increment second counter

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_create

*Create a new Automerge document*

---

## Description

Creates a new Automerge document with an optional custom actor ID. If no actor ID is provided, a random one is generated.

## Usage

```
am_create(actor_id = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- actor\_id            Optional actor ID. Can be:
- NULL (default) - Generate random actor ID
  - Character string - Hex-encoded actor ID
  - Raw vector - Binary actor ID bytes

**Value**

An external pointer to the Automerge document with class c("am\_doc", "automerger").

**Thread Safety**

The automerge package is NOT thread-safe. Do not access the same document from multiple R threads concurrently. Each thread should create its own document with `am_create()` and synchronize changes via `am_sync_*`() functions after thread completion.

**Examples**

```
# Create document with random actor ID
doc1 <- am_create()
doc1

# Create with custom hex actor ID
doc2 <- am_create("0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef")

# Create with raw bytes actor ID
actor_bytes <- as.raw(1:16)
doc3 <- am_create(actor_bytes)

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
am_close(doc3)
```

---

am\_cursor

*Create a cursor at a position in a text object*


---

**Description**

Cursors provide stable references to positions within text objects that automatically adjust as the text is edited. This enables features like maintaining selection positions across concurrent edits in collaborative editing scenarios.

**Usage**

```
am_cursor(obj, position, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a text object)
position	Integer position in the text (0-based inter-character position)
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) to create the cursor at a historical document state. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

An `am_cursor` object (external pointer) that can be used with `am_cursor_position()` to retrieve the current position

**Indexing Convention**

**Cursor positions use 0-based indexing** (unlike list indices which are 1-based). This is because positions specify locations **between** characters, not the characters themselves:

- Position 0 = before the first character
- Position 1 = between 1st and 2nd characters
- Position 5 = after the 5th character

For the text "Hello":

```
H e l l o
0 1 2 3 4 5 <- positions (0-based, between characters)
```

This matches `am_text_splice()` behavior. Positions count Unicode code points (characters), not bytes.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

# Create cursor at position 5 (after "Hello", before " ")
cursor <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
cursor

# Modify text before cursor
am_text_splice(text_obj, 0, 0, "Hi ")

# Cursor position automatically adjusts
new_pos <- am_cursor_position(cursor)
new_pos # 8 (cursor moved by 3 characters)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_cursor_equal	<i>Test equality of two cursors</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Compares two cursors to determine if they refer to the same position in a document. This compares the internal cursor representation, not just the current position.

**Usage**

```
am_cursor_equal(cursor1, cursor2)
```

**Arguments**

cursor1	An am_cursor object
cursor2	An am_cursor object

**Value**

A logical scalar: TRUE if the cursors are equal, FALSE otherwise

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

cursor1 <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
cursor2 <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
cursor3 <- am_cursor(text_obj, 3)

am_cursor_equal(cursor1, cursor2) # TRUE
am_cursor_equal(cursor1, cursor3) # FALSE

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_cursor_from_bytes	<i>Restore a cursor from bytes</i>
----------------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Restores a cursor from a raw vector previously created by [am\\_cursor\\_to\\_bytes\(\)](#). The text object is required to associate the cursor with a document.

**Usage**

```
am_cursor_from_bytes(bytes, obj)
```

**Arguments**

`bytes`            A raw vector containing a serialized cursor  
`obj`                An Automerge text object to associate the cursor with

**Value**

An `am_cursor` object

**See Also**

[am\\_cursor\\_to\\_bytes\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

cursor <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
bytes <- am_cursor_to_bytes(cursor)

restored <- am_cursor_from_bytes(bytes, text_obj)
restored
am_cursor_position(restored) # 5

am_close(doc)
```

---

`am_cursor_from_string` *Restore a cursor from a string*

---

**Description**

Restores a cursor from a string previously created by [am\\_cursor\\_to\\_string\(\)](#). The text object is required to associate the cursor with a document.

**Usage**

```
am_cursor_from_string(str, obj)
```

**Arguments**

`str`                A character string containing a serialized cursor  
`obj`                An Automerge text object to associate the cursor with

**Value**

An am\_cursor object

**See Also**

[am\\_cursor\\_to\\_string\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

cursor <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
str <- am_cursor_to_string(cursor)

restored <- am_cursor_from_string(str, text_obj)
restored
am_cursor_position(restored) # 5

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_cursor_position	<i>Get the current position of a cursor</i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Retrieves the current position of a cursor within a text object. The position automatically adjusts as text is inserted or deleted before the cursor's original position. The cursor remembers which text object it was created for, so you only need to pass the cursor itself.

**Usage**

```
am_cursor_position(cursor, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

cursor	An am_cursor object created by <a href="#">am_cursor()</a>
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) to query cursor position at a historical document state. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

Integer position (0-based inter-character position) where the cursor currently points. See [am\\_cursor\(\)](#) for indexing details.

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

# Create cursor
cursor <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)

# Get position
pos <- am_cursor_position(cursor)
pos # 5

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_cursor\_to\_bytes      *Serialize a cursor to bytes*

---

### Description

Converts a cursor to a raw vector representation that can be persisted and later restored with [am\\_cursor\\_from\\_bytes\(\)](#). This enables saving cursor positions across R sessions.

### Usage

```
am_cursor_to_bytes(cursor)
```

### Arguments

cursor                  An `am_cursor` object created by [am\\_cursor\(\)](#)

### Value

A raw vector containing the serialized cursor

### See Also

[am\\_cursor\\_from\\_bytes\(\)](#), [am\\_cursor\\_to\\_string\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

cursor <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
bytes <- am_cursor_to_bytes(cursor)
bytes
```

```
# Restore cursor later
restored <- am_cursor_from_bytes(bytes, text_obj)
am_cursor_position(restored) # 5

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_cursor\_to\_string     *Serialize a cursor to a string*

---

## Description

Converts a cursor to a string representation that can be persisted and later restored with [am\\_cursor\\_from\\_string\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
am_cursor_to_string(cursor)
```

## Arguments

cursor                    An `am_cursor` object created by [am\\_cursor\(\)](#)

## Value

A character string containing the serialized cursor

## See Also

[am\\_cursor\\_from\\_string\(\)](#), [am\\_cursor\\_to\\_bytes\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

cursor <- am_cursor(text_obj, 5)
str <- am_cursor_to_string(cursor)
str

# Restore cursor later
restored <- am_cursor_from_string(str, text_obj)
am_cursor_position(restored) # 5

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_delete	<i>Delete a key from a map or element from a list</i>
-----------	---

---

**Description**

Removes a key-value pair from a map or an element from a list.

**Usage**

```
am_delete(doc, obj, key)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (from nested object), or AM_ROOT for the document root
key	For maps: character string key to delete. For lists: numeric index (1-based, like R vectors) to delete

**Value**

The document doc (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "temp", "value")
am_delete(doc, AM_ROOT, "temp")
am_close(doc)
```

---

am_delete_path	<i>Delete value at path</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Delete a value from an Automerge document using a path vector.

**Usage**

```
am_delete_path(doc, path)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
path	Character vector, numeric vector, or list of mixed types specifying the path to navigate

**Value**

The document (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put_path(doc, c("user", "address", "city"), "NYC")
am_put_path(doc, c("user", "name"), "Alice")

# Delete nested key
am_delete_path(doc, c("user", "address"))

# Address should be gone
am_get_path(doc, c("user", "address")) # NULL

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_equal

*Test document equality*


---

**Description**

Tests whether two Automerge documents have the same content. Documents are equal if they have the same set of changes applied, regardless of how they were created.

**Usage**

```
am_equal(doc1, doc2)
```

**Arguments**

doc1	An Automerge document
doc2	An Automerge document

**Value**

A logical scalar: TRUE if the documents are equal, FALSE otherwise.

**Examples**

```
doc1 <- am_create()
doc1$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc1)

doc2 <- am_clone(doc1)
am_equal(doc1, doc2) # TRUE

doc2$key <- "different"
```

```

am_equal(doc1, doc2) # FALSE

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)

```

---

am_fork	<i>Fork an Automerge document</i>
---------	-----------------------------------

---

### Description

Creates a fork of an Automerge document at the current heads or at a specific point in history. The forked document shares history with the original up to the fork point but can diverge afterwards. The fork is assigned a new actor ID, so changes made on the fork are distinguishable from the original when merged or synced.

### Usage

```
am_fork(doc, heads = NULL)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
heads	Optional list of change hashes to fork at a specific point in the document's history. If NULL (default) or an empty list, forks at current heads. Each hash should be a raw vector (32 bytes).

### Details

Use `am_fork()` when creating independent branches of a document that may later be merged or synced. Use `am_clone()` instead if you need an exact copy that preserves the original actor ID (e.g. for archival or snapshotting purposes).

### Value

A new Automerge document (fork of the original)

### See Also

[am\\_clone\(\)](#) for an exact copy preserving the actor ID

**Examples**

```
doc1 <- am_create()
doc2 <- am_fork(doc1)
doc2

# Fork has a different actor ID
am_get_actor_hex(doc1) != am_get_actor_hex(doc2) # TRUE

# Now doc1 and doc2 can diverge independently
am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

**am\_get***Get a value from an Automerge map or list*

---

**Description**

Retrieves a value from an Automerge map or list. Returns NULL if the key or index doesn't exist.

**Usage**

```
am_get(doc, obj, key)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (from nested object), or AM_ROOT for the document root
key	For maps: character string key. For lists: numeric index (1-based). Returns NULL for indices $\leq 0$ or beyond list length.

**Value**

The value at the specified key/position, or NULL if not found. Nested objects are returned as am\_object instances.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "name", "Alice")

name <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "name")
name # "Alice"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_get_actor	<i>Get the actor ID of a document</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns the actor ID of an Automerge document as a raw vector. The actor ID uniquely identifies the editing session that created changes in the document.

**Usage**

```
am_get_actor(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
-----	-----------------------

**Details**

For a hex string representation, use [am\\_get\\_actor\\_hex\(\)](#).

**Value**

A raw vector containing the actor ID bytes

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
actor <- am_get_actor(doc)
actor

# Use am_get_actor_hex() for display
actor_hex <- am_get_actor_hex(doc)
cat("Actor ID:", actor_hex, "\n")

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_get_actor_hex	<i>Get the actor ID as a hex string</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Returns the actor ID of an Automerge document as a hex-encoded string. This is more efficient than converting the raw bytes returned by [am\\_get\\_actor\(\)](#) using R-level string operations.

**Usage**

```
am_get_actor_hex(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

**Value**

A character string containing the hex-encoded actor ID

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
actor_hex <- am_get_actor_hex(doc)
actor_hex

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_get_changes	<i>Get changes since specified heads</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Returns all changes that have been made to the document since the specified heads. If heads is NULL, returns all changes in the document's history.

**Usage**

```
am_get_changes(doc, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

heads                  A list of raw vectors (change hashes) returned by `am_get_heads()`, or NULL to get all changes.

**Details**

Changes are returned as `am_change` objects that can be inspected with `am_change_hash()`, `am_change_message()`, etc., serialized with `am_change_to_bytes()`, or applied to other documents using `am_apply_changes()`.

**Value**

A list of `am_change` objects.

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_commit(doc)

# Get all changes
all_changes <- am_get_changes(doc)
all_changes

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_get\_changes\_added *Get changes in one document that are not in another*

---

## Description

Compares two documents and returns the changes that exist in doc2 but not in doc1. This is useful for determining what changes need to be applied to bring doc1 up to date with doc2, or for implementing custom synchronization logic.

## Usage

```
am_get_changes_added(doc1, doc2)
```

## Arguments

doc1	An Automerge document (base/reference document)
doc2	An Automerge document (comparison document)

## Value

A list of am\_change objects representing changes that exist in doc2 but not in doc1. Returns an empty list if doc1 already contains all changes from doc2.

## Examples

```
# Create two independent documents
doc1 <- am_create()
doc1$x <- 1
am_commit(doc1, "Add x")

doc2 <- am_create()
doc2$y <- 2
am_commit(doc2, "Add y")

# Find changes in doc2 that aren't in doc1
changes <- am_get_changes_added(doc1, doc2)
changes
```

```
# Apply those changes to doc1
am_apply_changes(doc1, changes)

# Now doc1 has both x and y
names(doc1) # "x" "y"

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

am\_get\_change\_by\_hash *Get a specific change by its hash*

---

### Description

Retrieves a change from the document's history by its unique hash identifier. The hash is typically obtained from `am_get_heads()` or `am_change_hash()`.

### Usage

```
am_get_change_by_hash(doc, hash)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
hash	A raw vector containing the change hash (must be exactly 32 bytes)

### Value

An `am_change` object, or `NULL` if the change hash is not found in the document.

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

# Get the current heads (change hashes)
heads <- am_get_heads(doc)
head_hash <- heads[[1]]

# Retrieve the change by its hash
change <- am_get_change_by_hash(doc, head_hash)
change
am_change_message(change) # "Add key"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_get_heads	<i>Get the current heads of a document</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

Returns the current "heads" of the document - the hashes of the most recent changes. These identify the current state of the document and can be used for history operations.

**Usage**

```
am_get_heads(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
-----	-----------------------

**Value**

A list of raw vectors, each containing a change hash. Usually there is only one head, but after concurrent edits there may be multiple heads until they are merged by a subsequent commit.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_commit(doc)

heads <- am_get_heads(doc)
heads

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_get_last_local_change	<i>Get the last change made by the local actor</i>
--------------------------	--

---

**Description**

Returns the most recent change created by this document's actor. Useful for tracking local changes or implementing undo/redo functionality.

**Usage**

```
am_get_last_local_change(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

**Value**

An am\_change object, or NULL if no local changes have been made.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()

# Initially, no local changes
am_get_last_local_change(doc) # NULL

# Make a change
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc, "Add key")

# Now we have a local change
change <- am_get_last_local_change(doc)
change
am_change_message(change) # "Add key"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_get\_missing\_deps    *Get missing dependencies*

---

**Description**

Returns the change hashes of dependencies that are referenced by the document but not present in its change history. This can happen when changes are applied out of order or when a document is partially synced.

**Usage**

```
am_get_missing_deps(doc, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

heads                  Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) to check for missing dependencies. If NULL (default), checks the current heads.

**Value**

A list of raw vectors (change hashes of missing dependencies). Returns an empty list if no dependencies are missing.

**Examples**

```

doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc)

# Complete document has no missing deps
missing <- am_get_missing_deps(doc)
missing

am_close(doc)

```

---

am\_get\_path

*Navigate deep structures with path*


---

**Description**

Get a value from an Automerge document using a path vector. The path can contain character keys (for maps), numeric indices (for lists, 1-based), or a mix of both.

**Usage**

```
am_get_path(doc, path)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
path	Character vector, numeric vector, or list of mixed types specifying the path to navigate

**Value**

The value at the path, or NULL if not found

**Examples**

```

doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "user", list(
  name = "Alice",
  address = list(city = "NYC", zip = 10001L)
))

# Navigate to nested value
am_get_path(doc, c("user", "address", "city")) # "NYC"

# Mixed navigation (map key, then list index)
doc$users <- list(
  list(name = "Bob"),
  list(name = "Carol")
)

```

```

)
am_get_path(doc, list("users", 1, "name")) # "Bob"

am_close(doc)

```

---

am_insert	<i>Insert a value into an Automerge list</i>
-----------	--

---

### Description

This is an alias for `am_put()` with insert semantics for lists. For lists, `am_put()` with a numeric index replaces the element at that index, while `am_insert()` shifts elements to make room.

### Usage

```
am_insert(doc, obj, pos, value)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a list)
pos	Numeric index (1-based, like R vectors) where to insert, or "end" to append
value	The value to store. Supported types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NULL - stores null</li> <li>• Logical - stores boolean (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Integer - stores integer (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Numeric - stores double (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Character - stores string (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Raw - stores bytes</li> <li>• AM_OBJ_TYPE_LIST/MAP/TEXT - creates nested object</li> </ul>

### Value

The document doc (invisibly)

### Examples

```

doc <- am_create()

# Create a list and get it
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "items", AM_OBJ_TYPE_LIST)
items <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "items")
items

# Insert items

```

```
am_insert(doc, items, "end", "first")
am_insert(doc, items, "end", "second")

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_items

*Get full item details from an object*


---

## Description

Returns detailed information about each entry in a map or list, including the key (or index) and value for each item. This provides more information than [am\\_values\(\)](#) alone.

## Usage

```
am_items(doc, obj, heads = NULL)
```

## Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (from nested object), or AM_ROOT for the document root
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) for historical query. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

## Value

A list of lists, where each inner list has fields:

**key** For maps: the character key. For lists: the 1-based integer index.

**value** The value at this entry.

## Note

When called on a text object, this iterates individual characters as list items. Use [am\\_text\\_content\(\)](#) to retrieve text as a string instead.

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$name <- "Alice"
doc$age <- 30L

items <- am_items(doc, AM_ROOT)
items[[1]]$key # "age" (sorted lexicographically)
items[[1]]$value # 30

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_keys	<i>Get all keys from an Automerge map</i>
---------	---

---

**Description**

Returns a character vector of all keys in a map.

**Usage**

```
am_keys(doc, obj)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a map), or AM_ROOT for the document root

**Value**

Character vector of keys (empty if map is empty)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()

am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "a", 1)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "b", 2)

keys <- am_keys(doc, AM_ROOT)
keys # c("a", "b")

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_length	<i>Get the length of an Automerge map or list</i>
-----------	---

---

**Description**

Returns the number of key-value pairs in a map or elements in a list.

**Usage**

```
am_length(doc, obj)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document  
obj                    An Automerge object ID (from nested object), or AM\_ROOT for the document root

**Value**

Integer length/size

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()

am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "a", 1)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "b", 2)

len <- am_length(doc, AM_ROOT)
len # 2

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_list

*Create an Automerge list*

---

**Description**

Creates an R list with explicit Automerge list type. Use this when you need to create an empty list or force list type interpretation.

**Usage**

```
am_list(...)
```

**Arguments**

...                    Elements to include in the list

**Value**

A list with class am\_list\_type

**Examples**

```
# Empty list (avoids ambiguity)
am_list()

# Populated list
am_list("a", "b", "c")
```

---

am_list_get_all	<i>Get all conflicting values at a list position</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Returns all values stored at a list position, including conflicts from concurrent edits. When there are no conflicts, the list contains a single element (the winning value).

**Usage**

```
am_list_get_all(doc, obj, pos, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a list)
pos	Numeric index (1-based, like R vectors)
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) for historical query. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

A list of all values at the position. Returns an empty list if the position does not exist.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$items <- list("a", "b", "c")
items <- doc$items

# Single value (no conflict)
values <- am_list_get_all(doc, items, 1)
values

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_list_range	<i>Get a range of list items</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns list elements within the index range [begin, end]. Uses 1-based indexing consistent with R conventions.

**Usage**

```
am_list_range(doc, obj, begin, end, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a list)
begin	Start index (1-based, inclusive)
end	End index (1-based, inclusive)
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) for historical query. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

A list of values in the index range.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$items <- list("a", "b", "c", "d", "e")
items <- doc$items

# Get elements 2 through 4 -> "b", "c", "d"
range <- am_list_range(doc, items, 2, 4)
range

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_load

*Load an Automerge document from binary format*


---

**Description**

Deserializes an Automerge document from the standard binary format. The binary format is compatible across all Automerge implementations (JavaScript, Rust, etc.).

**Usage**

```
am_load(data)
```

**Arguments**

data	A raw vector containing a serialized Automerge document
------	---

**Value**

An external pointer to the Automerge document with class `c("am_doc", "automerge")`.

**Examples**

```
# Create, save, and reload
doc1 <- am_create()
bytes <- am_save(doc1)
doc2 <- am_load(bytes)
doc2

# Save to and load from file
doc3 <- am_create()
file <- tempfile()
writeBin(am_save(doc3), file)

doc4 <- am_load(readBin(file, "raw", 1e5))

unlink(file)
am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
am_close(doc3)
am_close(doc4)
```

---

`am_load_changes`*Load a document as individual changes*

---

**Description**

Decomposes a serialized document into its individual changes. This is useful for inspecting the full change history or for selectively applying changes to another document.

**Usage**

```
am_load_changes(data)
```

**Arguments**

`data` A raw vector containing a serialized Automerge document (from [am\\_save\(\)](#))

**Value**

A list of `am_change` objects. Returns an empty list for an empty document.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc, "Add key")
doc$key2 <- "value2"
am_commit(doc, "Add key2")
bytes <- am_save(doc)
```

```

# Load as individual changes
changes <- am_load_changes(bytes)
changes
am_change_message(changes[[1]]) # "Add key"
am_change_message(changes[[2]]) # "Add key2"

# Apply to a new document
doc2 <- am_create()
am_apply_changes(doc2, changes)
doc2$key # "value"
doc2$key2 # "value2"

am_close(doc)
am_close(doc2)

```

---

am\_load\_incremental    *Load incremental changes into a document*

---

### Description

Applies incremental changes (from [am\\_save\\_incremental\(\)](#)) to a document. This is more efficient than loading a full document when only a few changes need to be applied.

### Usage

```
am_load_incremental(doc, data)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
data	A raw vector containing incremental changes (from <a href="#">am_save_incremental()</a> )

### Value

The number of operations applied (numeric scalar, invisibly).

### See Also

[am\\_save\\_incremental\(\)](#), [am\\_load\(\)](#)

### Examples

```

doc1 <- am_create()
doc1$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc1)
bytes <- am_save(doc1)

```

```
doc1$key2 <- "value2"
am_commit(doc1)
incremental <- am_save_incremental(doc1)

# Load base document and apply incremental changes
doc2 <- am_load(bytes)
am_load_incremental(doc2, incremental)
doc2$key2 # "value2"

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

am\_map

*Create an Automerge map*

---

### Description

Creates an R list with explicit Automerge map type. Use this when you need to create an empty map or force map type interpretation.

### Usage

```
am_map(...)
```

### Arguments

...                   Named elements to include in the map

### Value

A named list with class am\_map\_type

### Examples

```
# Empty map (avoids ambiguity)
am_map()

# Populated map
am_map(key1 = "value1", key2 = "value2")
```

---

am\_map\_get\_all            *Get all conflicting values at a map key*

---

### Description

Returns all values stored at a map key, including conflicts from concurrent edits by different actors. When there are no conflicts, the list contains a single element (the winning value).

### Usage

```
am_map_get_all(doc, obj, key, heads = NULL)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a map), or AM_ROOT
key	Character string key
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) for historical query. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

### Value

A list of all values at the key. Returns an empty list if the key does not exist.

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"

# Single value (no conflict)
values <- am_map_get_all(doc, AM_ROOT, "key")
values

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_map\_range            *Get a range of map items by key*

---

### Description

Returns map entries whose keys fall within the lexicographic range [begin, end] (inclusive on both sides).

**Usage**

```
am_map_range(doc, obj, begin = "", end = "", heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a map), or AM_ROOT
begin	Start key (inclusive). Use "" (default) for unbounded start.
end	End key (inclusive). Use "" (default) for unbounded end.
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) for historical query. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

A named list of values in the key range.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$a <- 1
doc$b <- 2
doc$c <- 3
doc$d <- 4

# Get entries with keys in [b, c] -> b and c
range <- am_map_range(doc, AM_ROOT, "b", "c")
names(range) # "b" "c"

# Get all entries
all <- am_map_range(doc, AM_ROOT, "", "")

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_mark

*Create a mark on a text range*


---

**Description**

Marks attach metadata or formatting information to a range of text. Unlike simple annotations, marks are CRDT-aware and merge correctly across concurrent edits.

**Usage**

```
am_mark(obj, start, end, name, value, expand = AM_MARK_EXPAND_NONE)
```

**Arguments**

obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a text object)
start	Integer start position (0-based inter-character position, inclusive)
end	Integer end position (0-based inter-character position, exclusive)
name	Character string identifying the mark (e.g., "bold", "comment")
value	The mark's value (any Automerge-compatible type: NULL, logical, integer, numeric, character, raw, POSIXct, or am_counter)
expand	Character string controlling mark expansion behavior when text is inserted at boundaries. Options: <b>"none"</b> Mark does not expand (default) <b>"before"</b> Mark expands to include text inserted before start <b>"after"</b> Mark expands to include text inserted after end <b>"both"</b> Mark expands in both directions  Use the constants <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_NONE</a> , <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_BEFORE</a> , <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_AFTER</a> , or <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_BOTH</a> .

**Value**

The text object obj (invisibly)

**Indexing Convention**

**Mark positions use 0-based indexing** (unlike list indices which are 1-based). Positions specify locations **between** characters. The range [start, end) includes start but excludes end.

For the text "Hello":

```

H e l l o
0 1 2 3 4 5 <- positions (0-based, between characters)

```

Marking positions 0 to 5 marks all 5 characters. Marking 0 to 3 marks "Hel". Positions count Unicode code points (characters), not bytes.

**Expand Behavior**

The expand parameter controls what happens when text is inserted exactly at the mark boundaries:

- "none": New text is never included in the mark
- "before": Text inserted at start is included
- "after": Text inserted at end is included
- "both": Text inserted at either boundary is included

**Examples**

```

doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

# Mark "Hello" as bold (positions 0-4, characters 0-4)
am_mark(text_obj, 0, 5, "bold", TRUE)

# Mark "World" as italic with expansion
am_mark(text_obj, 6, 11, "italic", TRUE,
        expand = AM_MARK_EXPAND_BOTH)

# Get all marks
marks <- am_marks(text_obj)
marks

am_close(doc)

```

---

am\_marks

*Get all marks in a text object*


---

**Description**

Retrieves all marks (formatting/metadata annotations) present in a text object at a specific document state.

**Usage**

```
am_marks(obj, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a text object)
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) to query marks at a historical document state. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

A list of marks, where each mark is a list with fields:

- name** Character string identifying the mark
- value** The mark's value (various types supported)
- start** Integer start position (0-based inter-character position, inclusive)
- end** Integer end position (0-based inter-character position, exclusive)

Returns an empty list if no marks are present. See [am\\_mark\(\)](#) for indexing details.

**Examples**

```

doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

am_mark(text_obj, 0, 5, "bold", TRUE)
am_mark(text_obj, 6, 11, "italic", TRUE)

marks <- am_marks(text_obj)
marks
# List of 2 marks with name, value, start, end

am_close(doc)

```

---

am\_marks\_at

*Get marks at a specific position*


---

**Description**

Retrieves marks that include a specific position in a text object. This function efficiently filters marks at the C level, avoiding the overhead of converting all marks to R objects.

**Usage**

```
am_marks_at(obj, position, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

obj	An Automerge object ID (must be a text object)
position	Integer position (0-based inter-character position) to query. See <a href="#">am_mark()</a> for indexing details.
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) to query marks at a historical document state. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

A list of marks that include the specified position. Returns an empty list if no marks cover that position.

**Examples**

```

doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

am_mark(text_obj, 0, 5, "bold", TRUE)
am_mark(text_obj, 2, 7, "underline", TRUE)

```

```
# Get marks at position 3 (inside "Hello")
marks_at_3 <- am_marks_at(text_obj, 3)
marks_at_3
# List of 2 marks (both "bold" and "underline" include position 3)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_mark\_clear                      *Clear marks from a text range*

---

### Description

Removes marks matching the given name from a range of text. This is the inverse of [am\\_mark\(\)](#).

### Usage

```
am_mark_clear(obj, start, end, name, expand = AM_MARK_EXPAND_NONE)
```

### Arguments

obj	An Automerger object ID (must be a text object)
start	Integer start position (0-based inter-character position, inclusive)
end	Integer end position (0-based inter-character position, exclusive)
name	Character string identifying the mark to clear (e.g., "bold")
expand	Character string controlling mark clearing behavior at boundaries. Options: "none" (default), "before", "after", "both". Use the constants <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_NONE</a> , <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_BEFORE</a> , <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_AFTER</a> , or <a href="#">AM_MARK_EXPAND_BOTH</a> .

### Value

The text object obj (invisibly)

### Indexing Convention

Uses the same 0-based inter-character position indexing as [am\\_mark\(\)](#).

### See Also

[am\\_mark\(\)](#), [am\\_marks\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "text", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "text")

# Add a mark
am_mark(text_obj, 0, 11, "bold", TRUE)
am_marks(text_obj)

# Clear the mark
am_mark_clear(text_obj, 0, 11, "bold")
am_marks(text_obj)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_merge

*Merge changes from another document*

---

## Description

Merges all changes from another Automerge document into this one. This is a one-way merge: changes flow from other into doc, but other is not modified. For bidirectional synchronization, use [am\\_sync\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
am_merge(doc, other)
```

## Arguments

doc	Target document (will receive changes)
other	Source document (provides changes)

## Value

The target document doc (invisibly)

## Examples

```
doc1 <- am_create()
doc2 <- am_create()

# Make changes in each document
am_put(doc1, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_put(doc2, AM_ROOT, "y", 2)

# Merge doc2's changes into doc1
am_merge(doc1, doc2)
```

```
# Now doc1 has both x and y
am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

am_pending_ops	<i>Get the number of pending operations</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Returns the number of operations that have been applied to the document but not yet committed. This is useful for determining whether a commit is needed.

### Usage

```
am_pending_ops(doc)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
-----	-----------------------

### Value

An integer indicating the number of pending operations. Returns 0 if there are no uncommitted changes.

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_pending_ops(doc) # 0

doc$key <- "value"
am_pending_ops(doc) # > 0

am_commit(doc)
am_pending_ops(doc) # 0

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_put	<i>Put a value into an Automerge map or list</i>
--------	--

---

### Description

Inserts or updates a value in an Automerge map or list. The function automatically dispatches to the appropriate operation based on the object type and key/position type.

### Usage

```
am_put(doc, obj, key, value)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (from nested object), or AM_ROOT for the document root
key	For maps: character string key. For lists: numeric index (1-based) or "end" to append
value	The value to store. Supported types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• NULL - stores null</li><li>• Logical - stores boolean (must be scalar)</li><li>• Integer - stores integer (must be scalar)</li><li>• Numeric - stores double (must be scalar)</li><li>• Character - stores string (must be scalar)</li><li>• Raw - stores bytes</li><li>• AM_OBJ_TYPE_LIST/MAP/TEXT - creates nested object</li></ul>

### Value

The document doc (invisibly).

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()

# Put values in root map (returns doc invisibly)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "name", "Alice")
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "age", 30L)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "active", TRUE)

# Create nested list and retrieve it
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "items", AM_OBJ_TYPE_LIST)
items <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "items")
items

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_put_path	<i>Set value at path</i>
-------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Set a value in an Automerge document using a path vector. Can optionally create intermediate objects automatically.

**Usage**

```
am_put_path(doc, path, value, create_intermediate = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
path	Character vector, numeric vector, or list of mixed types specifying the path to navigate
value	The value to store. Supported types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NULL - stores null</li> <li>• Logical - stores boolean (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Integer - stores integer (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Numeric - stores double (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Character - stores string (must be scalar)</li> <li>• Raw - stores bytes</li> <li>• AM_OBJ_TYPE_LIST/MAP/TEXT - creates nested object</li> </ul>
create_intermediate	Logical. If TRUE, creates intermediate maps as needed. Default TRUE.

**Value**

The document (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()

# Create nested structure with automatic intermediate objects
am_put_path(doc, c("user", "address", "city"), "Boston")
am_put_path(doc, c("user", "address", "zip"), 02101L)
am_put_path(doc, c("user", "name"), "Alice")

# Verify
am_get_path(doc, c("user", "address", "city")) # "Boston"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_rollback	<i>Roll back pending operations</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Cancels all pending operations in the current transaction without committing them. This allows you to discard changes since the last commit.

**Usage**

```
am_rollback(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
-----	-----------------------

**Value**

The document doc (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()

am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "key", "value")
# Changed my mind, discard the put
am_rollback(doc)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_save	<i>Save an Automerge document to binary format</i>
---------	--

---

**Description**

Serializes an Automerge document to the standard binary format, which can be saved to disk or transmitted over a network. The binary format is compatible across all Automerge implementations (JavaScript, Rust, etc.).

**Usage**

```
am_save(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
-----	-----------------------

**Value**

A raw vector containing the serialized document

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
bytes <- am_save(doc)
bytes

# Save to file
file <- tempfile()
writeBin(am_save(doc), file)

unlink(file)
am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_save\_incremental    *Save incremental changes*

---

**Description**

Serializes only the changes made since the last call to `am_save()` or `am_save_incremental()`. This is more efficient than saving the entire document when only a few changes have been made.

**Usage**

```
am_save_incremental(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

**Details**

Use [am\\_load\\_incremental\(\)](#) to apply these changes to another document.

**Value**

A raw vector containing the incremental changes. May be empty (zero-length) if no new changes have been made since the last save.

**See Also**

[am\\_load\\_incremental\(\)](#), [am\\_save\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$key <- "value"
am_commit(doc)

# Save full document
full <- am_save(doc)

# Make more changes
doc$key2 <- "value2"
am_commit(doc)

# Save only the new changes
incremental <- am_save_incremental(doc)
length(incremental) < length(full) # TRUE (smaller)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_set_actor	<i>Set the actor ID of a document</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

---

## Description

Sets the actor ID for an Automerge document. This should typically be done before making any changes. Changing the actor ID mid-session is not recommended as it can complicate change attribution.

## Usage

```
am_set_actor(doc, actor_id)
```

## Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
actor_id	The new actor ID. Can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• NULL - Generate new random actor ID</li><li>• Character string - Hex-encoded actor ID</li><li>• Raw vector - Binary actor ID bytes</li></ul>

## Value

The document doc (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()

# Set custom actor ID from hex string
am_set_actor(doc, "0123456789abcdef0123456789abcdef")

# Generate new random actor ID
am_set_actor(doc, NULL)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am\_sync

*Bidirectional synchronization*

---

**Description**

Automatically synchronizes two documents by exchanging messages until they converge to the same state. This is a high-level convenience function that handles the entire sync protocol automatically.

**Usage**

```
am_sync(doc1, doc2)
```

**Arguments**

doc1	First Automerge document
doc2	Second Automerge document

**Details**

The function exchanges sync messages back and forth between the two documents until both sides report no more messages to send (`am_sync_encode()` returns `NULL`). The Automerge sync protocol is mathematically guaranteed to converge.

**Value**

An integer indicating the number of sync rounds completed (invisibly). Both documents are modified in place to include each other's changes.

**Examples**

```
# Create two documents with different changes
doc1 <- am_create()
doc2 <- am_create()

# Make changes in each document
```

```
am_put(doc1, AM_ROOT, "x", 1)
am_put(doc2, AM_ROOT, "y", 2)

# Synchronize them (documents modified in place)
rounds <- am_sync(doc1, doc2)
rounds

# Now both documents have both x and y

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

am_sync_decode	<i>Receive and apply a sync message</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Receives a synchronization message from a peer and applies the changes to the local document. This updates both the document and the sync state to reflect the received changes.

### Usage

```
am_sync_decode(doc, sync_state, message)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
sync_state	A sync state object (created with <code>am_sync_state()</code> )
message	A raw vector containing an encoded sync message

### Value

The document `doc` (invisibly, for chaining)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
sync_state <- am_sync_state()

# Receive message from peer
# message <- ... (received from network)
# am_sync_decode(doc, sync_state, message)

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_sync_encode	<i>Generate a sync message</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

---

### Description

Generates a synchronization message to send to a peer. This message contains the changes that the peer needs to bring their document up to date with yours.

### Usage

```
am_sync_encode(doc, sync_state)
```

### Arguments

doc	An Automerge document
sync_state	A sync state object (created with <code>am_sync_state()</code> )

### Details

If the function returns NULL, it means there are no more messages to send (synchronization is complete from this side).

### Value

A raw vector containing the encoded sync message, or NULL if no message needs to be sent.

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
sync_state <- am_sync_state()

# Generate first sync message
msg <- am_sync_encode(doc, sync_state)
if (!is.null(msg)) {
  # Send msg to peer...
}

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_sync_state	<i>Create a new sync state</i>
---------------	--------------------------------

---

### Description

Creates a new synchronization state for managing communication with a peer. The sync state tracks what changes have been sent and received, enabling efficient incremental synchronization.

### Usage

```
am_sync_state()
```

### Details

**IMPORTANT:** Sync state is document-independent. The same sync state is used across multiple sync message exchanges with a specific peer. The document is passed separately to `am_sync_encode()` and `am_sync_decode()`.

### Value

An external pointer to the sync state with class "am\_syncstate".

### Examples

```
# Create two documents
doc1 <- am_create()
doc2 <- am_create()

# Create sync states for each peer
sync1 <- am_sync_state()
sync1
sync2 <- am_sync_state()

# Use with am_sync_encode() and am_sync_decode()

am_close(doc1)
am_close(doc2)
```

---

am_sync_state_decode	<i>Deserialize a sync state</i>
----------------------	---------------------------------

---

### Description

Restores a sync state from a raw vector previously created by `am_sync_state_encode()`. This allows continuing a sync session from where it left off.

**Usage**

```
am_sync_state_decode(data)
```

**Arguments**

data            A raw vector containing a serialized sync state

**Value**

An am\_syncstate object.

**See Also**

[am\\_sync\\_state\\_encode\(\)](#), [am\\_sync\\_state\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
sync_state <- am_sync_state()
bytes <- am_sync_state_encode(sync_state)

# Restore sync state
restored <- am_sync_state_decode(bytes)
restored
```

---

am\_sync\_state\_encode    *Serialize a sync state*

---

**Description**

Encodes a sync state to a raw vector for persistence or transmission. The encoded state can later be restored with [am\\_sync\\_state\\_decode\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
am_sync_state_encode(sync_state)
```

**Arguments**

sync\_state        A sync state object (created with [am\\_sync\\_state\(\)](#))

**Details**

This is useful for persisting sync progress across sessions, avoiding the need to re-sync from scratch.

**Value**

A raw vector containing the serialized sync state.

**See Also**

[am\\_sync\\_state\\_decode\(\)](#), [am\\_sync\\_state\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
sync_state <- am_sync_state()

# Encode for storage
bytes <- am_sync_state_encode(sync_state)
bytes

# Restore later
restored <- am_sync_state_decode(bytes)
restored
```

---

am\_text

*Create an Automerge text object*

---

**Description**

Creates a text object for collaborative character-level editing. Unlike regular strings (which use last-write-wins semantics), text objects support character-level CRDT merging of concurrent edits, cursor stability, and marks/formatting.

**Usage**

```
am_text(initial = "")
```

**Arguments**

`initial` Initial text content (default "")

**Details**

Use text objects for collaborative document editing. Use regular strings for metadata, labels, and IDs (99\

**Value**

A character vector with class `am_text_type`

**Examples**

```
# Empty text object
am_text()

# Text with initial content
am_text("Hello, World!")
```

---

am_text_content	<i>Get text content from a text object</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve the full text content from a text object as a string.

**Usage**

```
am_text_content(text_obj, heads = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

text_obj	An Automerge text object ID
heads	Optional list of change hashes (raw vectors) for historical query. If NULL (default), uses the current state.

**Value**

Character string with the full text

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "doc", am_text("Hello"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "doc")
text_obj

text <- am_text_content(text_obj)
text # "Hello"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_text_splice	<i>Splice text in a text object</i>
----------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Insert or delete characters in a text object. This is the primary way to edit text CRDT objects.

**Usage**

```
am_text_splice(text_obj, pos, del_count, text)
```

**Arguments**

text_obj	An Automerge text object ID
pos	Character position to start splice (0-based inter-character position)
del_count	Number of characters to delete (counts Unicode code points)
text	Text to insert

**Value**

The text object text\_obj (invisibly)

**Indexing Convention**

**Text positions use 0-based indexing** (unlike list indices which are 1-based). This is because positions specify locations **between** characters, not the characters themselves:

- Position 0 = before the first character
- Position 1 = between 1st and 2nd characters
- Position 5 = after the 5th character

For the text "Hello":

```
H e l l o
0 1 2 3 4 5 <- positions (0-based, between characters)
```

Positions count Unicode code points (characters), not bytes. The word "Français" counts as 8 characters, matching R's nchar() behavior.

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "doc", am_text("Hello"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "doc")
text_obj

# Insert " World" at position 5 (after "Hello")
am_text_splice(text_obj, 5, 0, " World")

# Get the full text
am_text_content(text_obj) # "Hello World"

# Works naturally with multibyte characters
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "greet", am_text(""))
text_obj2 <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "greet")
am_text_splice(text_obj2, 0, 0, "Column café")
# Position 11 is after "café" (character index, not bytes)
am_text_splice(text_obj2, 11, 0, "!")
am_text_content(text_obj2) # "Column café!"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_text_update	<i>Update text content</i>
----------------	----------------------------

---

### Description

An optimized function for collaborative editing that reads the current text content from the document, computes the minimal diff against the new text, and applies it directly. This avoids intermediate R object allocation, making it more efficient than separate diff computation and splice operations.

### Usage

```
am_text_update(text_obj, new_text)
```

### Arguments

text_obj	An Automerge text object ID
new_text	The new text content (single string)

### Details

Positions use Unicode code points (matching R's `nchar()` behavior), not bytes. This means multi-byte characters like emoji count as single characters.

### Value

Invisible NULL (called for side effect)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "content", am_text("Hello"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "content")
text_obj

# Efficiently update text by computing and applying diff in one step
am_text_update(text_obj, "Hello World")
am_text_content(text_obj) # "Hello World"

# Works with Unicode
am_text_update(text_obj, "Hello World!")
am_text_content(text_obj) # "Hello World!"

am_close(doc)
```

---

am_uint64	<i>Create an unsigned 64-bit integer value</i>
-----------	--

---

**Description**

Creates an `am_uint64` object for storing unsigned 64-bit integers in Automerge documents. This preserves type fidelity when syncing with other language bindings (JavaScript BigInt, Python int, etc.).

**Usage**

```
am_uint64(value = 0)
```

**Arguments**

value	Numeric value (default 0). Values beyond $2^{53}$ may lose precision.
-------	---

**Value**

An `am_uint64` object

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "id", am_uint64(12345))
am_close(doc)
```

---

am_values	<i>Get all values from a map or list</i>
-----------	--

---

**Description**

Returns all values from an Automerge map or list as an R list.

**Usage**

```
am_values(doc, obj)
```

**Arguments**

doc	An Automerge document
obj	An Automerge object ID (from nested object), or <code>AM_ROOT</code> for the document root

**Value**

R list of values

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "a", 1)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "b", 2)
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "c", 3)

values <- am_values(doc, AM_ROOT)
values # list(1, 2, 3)

am_close(doc)
```

---

as.character.am\_text *Convert text object to character string*

---

## Description

Extracts the full text content from an Automerge text object as a standard character string.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'am_text'
as.character(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	An Automerge text object
...	Additional arguments (unused)

## Value

Character string with the full text content

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()

am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "notes", am_text("Hello World"))
text_obj <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "notes")
text_obj

text_string <- as.character(text_obj)
text_string # "Hello World"

identical(as.character(text_obj), am_text_content(text_obj)) # TRUE

am_close(doc)
```

---

as.list.am_doc	<i>Convert document root to R list</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Recursively converts the root of an Automerge document to a standard R list. Maps become named lists, lists become unnamed lists, and nested objects are recursively converted.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'am_doc'  
as.list(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An Automerge document
...	Additional arguments (unused)

**Value**

Named list with document contents

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()  
doc$name <- "Alice"  
doc$age <- 30L  
  
as.list(doc) # list(name = "Alice", age = 30L)  
  
am_close(doc)
```

---

as_automerge	<i>Convert R list to Automerge document</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Converts an R list to an Automerge document. This leverages the recursive conversion built into `am_put()` from Phase 3, allowing nested structures to be created in a single call.

**Usage**

```
as_automerge(x, doc = NULL, actor_id = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

x	R list, vector, or scalar value to convert
doc	Optional existing Automerger document. If NULL, creates a new one.
actor_id	Optional actor ID. Can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NULL (default) - Generate random actor ID</li> <li>• Character string - Hex-encoded actor ID</li> <li>• Raw vector - Binary actor ID bytes</li> </ul>

**Value**

An Automerger document

**Examples**

```
# Convert nested list to Automerger
data <- list(
  name = "Alice",
  age = 30L,
  scores = list(85, 90, 95),
  metadata = list(
    created = Sys.time(),
    tags = list("user", "active")
  )
)

doc <- as_automerger(data)
doc
doc[["name"]] # "Alice"
doc[["age"]]  # 30L

am_close(doc)
```

---

automerger-constants    *Automerger Constants*

---

**Description**

Constants used throughout the automerger package for object types, root references, and mark expansion modes.

**Usage**

AM\_ROOT

AM\_OBJ\_TYPE\_LIST

AM\_OBJ\_TYPE\_MAP

AM\_OBJ\_TYPE\_TEXT

AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_NONE

AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_BEFORE

AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_AFTER

AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_BOTH

### Format

An object of class NULL of length 0.

An object of class am\_obj\_type of length 1.

An object of class am\_obj\_type of length 1.

An object of class am\_obj\_type of length 1.

An object of class character of length 1.

An object of class character of length 1.

An object of class character of length 1.

An object of class character of length 1.

### Root Object

**AM\_ROOT** Reference to the root object of an Automerger document. Use this as the obj parameter when operating on the top-level map. Value is NULL which maps to the C API's AM\_ROOT.

### Object Types

String constants for creating Automerger objects:

**AM\_OBJ\_TYPE\_LIST** Create a list (array) object. Lists are ordered sequences accessed by numeric index (1-based in R).

**AM\_OBJ\_TYPE\_MAP** Create a map (object) object. Maps are unordered key-value collections accessed by string keys.

**AM\_OBJ\_TYPE\_TEXT** Create a text object for collaborative editing. Text objects support character-level CRDT operations, cursor stability, and formatting marks. Use text objects for collaborative document editing rather than regular strings (which use last-write-wins semantics).

### Mark Expansion Modes

Constants for controlling how text marks expand when text is inserted at their boundaries (used with am\_mark):

**AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_NONE** Mark does not expand when text is inserted at either boundary.

**AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_BEFORE** Mark expands to include text inserted immediately before its start position.

**AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_AFTER** Mark expands to include text inserted immediately after its end position.

**AM\_MARK\_EXPAND\_BOTH** Mark expands to include text inserted at either boundary (before start or after end).

---

extract-am_doc	<i>Extract from Automerger document root</i>
----------------	--

---

## Description

Extract values from the root of an Automerger document using `[[` or `$`. These operators provide R-idiomatic access to document data.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'am_doc'
x[[i]]
```

```
## S3 method for class 'am_doc'
x$name
```

## Arguments

x	An Automerger document
i	Key name (character)
name	Key name (for \$ operator)

## Value

The value at the specified key

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()

am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "name", "Alice")
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "age", 30L)

doc[["name"]] # "Alice"
doc$age      # 30L

am_close(doc)
```

---

extract-am\_object      *Extract from Automerge object*

---

## Description

Extract values from an Automerge object (map or list) using `[[` or `$`.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'am_object'  
x[[i]]  
  
## S3 method for class 'am_object'  
x$name
```

## Arguments

x	An Automerge object
i	Key name (character) for maps, or position (integer) for lists
name	Key name (for \$ operator, maps only)

## Value

The value at the specified key/position

## Examples

```
doc <- am_create()  
  
am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "user", list(name = "Bob", age = 25L))  
user <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "user")  
user  
  
user[["name"]] # "Bob"  
user$age      # 25L  
  
am_close(doc)
```

---

from_automerge	<i>Convert Automerge document to R list</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Converts an Automerge document to a standard R list. This is equivalent to `as.list.am_doc()`.

**Usage**

```
from_automerge(doc)
```

**Arguments**

doc                    An Automerge document

**Value**

Named list with document contents

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$name <- "Alice"
doc$age <- 30L

from_automerge(doc) # list(name = "Alice", age = 30L)

am_close(doc)
```

---

length.am_doc	<i>Get length of document root</i>
---------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns the number of keys in the root map of an Automerge document.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'am_doc'
length(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    An Automerge document

**Value**

Integer length

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$a <- 1
doc$b <- 2
length(doc) # 2
am_close(doc)
```

---

length.am\_object      *Get length of Automerge object*

---

**Description**

Returns the number of elements/keys in an Automerge object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'am_object'
length(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      An Automerge object

**Value**

Integer length

---

names.am\_doc              *Get names from document root*

---

**Description**

Returns the keys from the root map of an Automerge document.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'am_doc'
names(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      An Automerge document

**Value**

Character vector of key names

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$name <- "Alice"
doc$age <- 30L
names(doc) # c("name", "age")
am_close(doc)
```

---

names.am\_map

*Get names from Automerge map object*


---

**Description**

Returns the keys from a map object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'am_map'
names(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    An Automerge map object

**Value**

Character vector of key names

---

replace-am\_doc

*Replace in Automerge document root*


---

**Description**

Replace or insert values at the root of an Automerge document using `[[<-` or `$<-`. These operators provide R-idiomatic modification.

**Usage**

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'am_doc'
x[[i]] <- value

## S3 replacement method for class 'am_doc'
x$name <- value
```

**Arguments**

x	An Automerge document
i	Key name (character)
value	Value to store
name	Key name (for \$<- operator)

**Value**

The document (invisibly)

**Examples**

```
doc <- am_create()
doc[["name"]] <- "Bob"
doc$age <- 25L
am_close(doc)
```

---

replace-am\_object      *Replace in Automerge object*

---

**Description**

Replace or insert values in an Automerge object using [[<- or \$<-.

**Usage**

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'am_object'
x[[i]] <- value

## S3 replacement method for class 'am_object'
x$name <- value
```

**Arguments**

x	An Automerge object
i	Key name (character) for maps, or position (integer) for lists
value	Value to store
name	Key name (for \$<- operator, maps only)

**Value**

The object (invisibly)

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()

am_put(doc, AM_ROOT, "user", list(name = "Bob", age = 25L))
user <- am_get(doc, AM_ROOT, "user")
user

user[["name"]] <- "Alice"
user$age <- 30L

am_close(doc)
```

---

str.am_doc	<i>Display the structure of an Automerger document</i>
------------	--

---

### Description

S3 method for `utils::str()` that displays the structure of an Automerger document in a human-readable format.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'am_doc'
str(object, max.level = 2, ...)
```

### Arguments

object	An automerger document object.
max.level	Maximum depth to recurse into nested structures. Default 2.
...	Additional arguments (ignored).

### Value

Invisibly returns NULL.

### Examples

```
doc <- am_create()
doc$name <- "Alice"
doc$data <- list(x = 1L, y = 2L)
str(doc)
str(doc, max.level = 1)
am_close(doc)
```

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